The Public Liability Insurance Rules, 1991

Ministry of Environment and Forests

(Department of Environment, Forest and Wildlife)

Notification 1st May, 1991

(1)S.O. 330(E) - In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991, the Central Government hereby makes the following rules, namely:

1. **Short title and commencement** - (1) These Rules may be called the Public Liability Insurance Rules, 1991.

(2) These Rules shall come into force on the date of their publication in the Official Gazette.

2. **Definitions** - In these Rules, unless the context otherwise requires:

(a) "Act" means the Public Insurance Act, 1991 (6 of 1991);

(b) "Advisory Committee" means the committee constituted by the Central Government in accordance with section 21 of the Act called the Public Liability Insurance Advisory Committee (PLIAC);

(c) "Authorised physician" means any person registered under any Central Act or State Act providing for the maintenance of a register of medical practitioners or in any area where no such last mentioned Act is in force, any person declared by State Government by notification in the Official Gazette to be a qualified medical practitioner.

(d) 'Fund' means a fund established and maintained by an owner in accordance with provision of sub-section (3) of section 4 of the Act;

(e) Words of expressions used in these Rules but not defined and defined in the Act shall have the meanings respectively assigned to them in the Act.

3. **Application for relief** - An application for claim for relief shall be made to the Collector in Form I.

4. **Documents that may be required** - The claim application shall be made to the Collector in Form I accompanied by such of the following documents as may be applicable.

• Certificate of an authorised physician regarding disability or injury or illness caused by the accident;

(ii) Death certificate and/or post-mortem report in the case of a fatal accident;

 Certificate of the employer regarding loss of wages, due to temporary or partial disability, with proof of hospitalisation for a period exceeding three days and certificate about the date of birth or age of victim;

(iv) Medical bills and receipts;

(v) Certificate of cost of repairs or replacement of private property damaged by the accident;

(vi) An other documents which may have relevance to the claim.

5. **Powers of Collector** - (i) The Collector may follow such summary procedure for conducting an inquiry on an application for relief under the Act as he thinks fit.

• The Collector shall have all the powers of a civil court for the following purposes, namely:

(a) summoning and enforcing the attendance of any person and examining him on oath;

(b) requiring the discovery and production of documents;

(c) receiving evidence on affidavits;

(d) subject to the provisions of sections 123 and 124 of the Indian Evidence Act, 1872, requisitioning any public record or documents or copy of such record or document from any office;

(e) issuing commissions for the examination of witness or documents;

(f) dismissing an application for default or proceeding ex-parte;

(g) setting aside any order of dismissal of any application for default or any order passed by it ex-parte;

(h) inherent powers of a civil court as saved under section 151 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1980 (V of 1908).

6. **Establishment and administration of Fund** - (1) An owner of the category specified in section 4(3) of the Act shall, with the prior approval of the Central Government, create and establish a fund by depositing with the State Bank of India or any of its subsidiaries or any nationalised bank, a public liability insurance fund of that owner.

- The fund to be created shall be utilised for the purpose of meeting the liability arising out of any claim awarded against the owner who has created the fund and to discharge the amount awarded by the Collector.
- The fund shall be operated by an Administrator to be nominated by the owner. The owner shall notify the nomination of the Administrator to the Central Government.

7. **Miscellaneous** - (1) The Collector shall maintain a register of the applications for relief or claim petitions, and, a register of awards and payment made thereunder.

- These Registers shall be kept open to public inspection from 11 a.m to 1 p.m. and 2 p.m. to 5 p.m. on every working day.
- On a request from a concerned person, the Collector shall supply a copy of or extract from any particulars entered in the registers mentioned above to be a true copy or extract thereof.

(4) A copy of or extract from the register(s) of the Collector as certified under the hand of the Collector or any officer authorised to act in this behalf shall, in all legal proceedings, be admissible as evidence as of equal validity with the original.

(2)[8. **Directions** - (1) Any direction issued under section 12 shall be in writing.

(2) The direction shall specify the nature of action to be taken and the time within which it shall be complied with by any owner, person, officer, authority or agency to whom such direction is given.

(3) The owner, person, officer, authority or agency to whom any direction is sought to be issued, shall be served with a copy of the proposed direction and shall be given an opportunity of not less than fifteen days from the date of services of the notice to file, with an officer designated in this behalf, the objections, if any, to the issue of the proposed direction.

(4) The Government shall, within a period of forty-five days from the date of receipt of the objections, or from the date up to which an opportunity is given to the owner, person, officer, authority, or agency to file objections, whichever is earlier, after considering the objections, if any, received from the owner, person, officer, authority or agency sought to be directed and for reasons to be recorded in writing, confirm, modify or decide not to issue the proposed direction.

(5) In a case where the Government is of the opinion that in views of the likelihood of a grave injury to the public it is not expedient to provide an opportunity to file objections against the proposed direction, it may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, issue directions, without providing such an opportunity.

(6) Every notice or direction required to be issued under this rule shall be deemed to be duly served,

 where the person to be served is a company, if the document is addressed in name of the company, at its registered office or at its principal office or place of business, and is either,

(i) sent by registered post; or

- delivered or affixed at some conspicuous part of the premises at its registered office or at the principal office or place of business;
- where the person to be served is an officer serving in Government, if the document is addressed to the person and a copy thereof endorsed to his Head of the Department and also to the Secretary to the Government, as the case may be, in-charge of the Department in which, for the time being, the business relating to the Department, in which the officer is employed, is transacted and is either -
- (i) sent by registered post; or
- (ii) is given to tendered to him;
- (c) in any other case, if the document is addressed to the person to be served, and -
- (i) is given or tendered to him; or
 - if such person cannot be found, is affixed on some conspicuous part of this last known place of residence or business, or is given or tendered to some adult member of his family or is affixed on some conspicuous part of the land or building, if any, to which is relates, or
- (iii) is sent by registered post to that person.

Explanation - For the purpose of this rule -

(a) "company" means any body corporate and includes a firm or other association of individuals;

(b) "a servant", not a member of the family.

9. **Manner of giving notice** - The manner of giving notice under clause (b) of section 18 shall be as follows:

(a) The notice shall be in writing in Form II.

(b) The person giving notice may send a copy of the same to -

(i) if the alleged offence has taken place in a Union Territory -

(a) the Central Board or the Committee/person or body of persons delegated the powers of the Central Board under the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 (6 of 1974), and the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 (14 of 1981); and

(b) Ministry of Environment and Forests (represented by the Secretary to the Government of India);

(ii) if the alleged offence has taken place in a State -

(a) the State Board for the prevention and control of water pollution constituted under the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 (6 of 1974); and

(b) the Government of the State (represented by the Secretary to the State Government in-charge of Environment); and

(c) the Ministry of Environment and Forests (represented by the Secretary to the Government of India);

(iii) if the alleged offence has taken place in a District, the District Collector -

(a) the notice shall be sent by registered post acknowledgement due; and

(b) the period of sixty days mentioned on clause (b) of section 18 of the Act (6 of 1991) shall be reckoned from the date it is first received by one of the authorities mentioned above.

(3)[**10. Extent of liability** - (1) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (2A) of section 4 of the Act, the maximum aggregate liability of the insurer to pay relief under an award to the several claimants arising out of an accident shall not exceed rupees five crores and in case of more than one accident during the currency of the policy or one year, whichever is less, shall not exceed rupees fifteen crores in the aggregate.

• In awarding relief under the Act, the Collector shall ensure that the insurer's maximum liability under the insurance policy does not exceed the limits stipulated in sub-rule (1).

(3) Any award for relief which exceeds the amount payable under the insurance policy shall be met from the relief fund and in case the award exceeds the total of the amount of insurance and the relief fund, the amount which falls short of such sum payable shall be met by the owner.]

11. **Contribution of owner to the Environmental Relief Fund** - (1) An owner shall contribute to the Environmental Relief Fund a sum equal to the premium payable to the insurer.

• Every contribution to the Environmental Relief Fund under sub-rule (1) shall be payable to the insurer, together with the amount of premium.

(3) The contribution received by the insurer shall be remitted as per the scheme under section 7A of the Act.

FORM OF APPLICAITON FOR COMPENSATION

Shri/Srimati/Kimari^{*} ------ Son of/Daughter of/Widow^{*} of Shri ------ who died/had sustained injuries in an accident on ------ at ------ at ------ particulars in respect of accident and other information are given below:

1. Name and father's name of person injured/dead (husband's name in case fo married woman of widow)

- 2. Address of the person injured/dead
- 3. Age ------ Date of birth ------
- 4. Sex of the person injured/dead:
- 5. Place, date and time of the accident:
- 6. Occuaption of the person injured/dead:
- 7. Nature of injuries sustained:

8. Name and address of Police Station in whose jurisdiction accident took place or was registered:

9. Name and address of the Medical Officer/Practitioner who attended on the injured/dead:

10. Name/s and address/es of the claimat/claimants:

11. Relationship with the deceased:

12. Any other information that may be considered necessary or helpful in the disposal of the claim:

I hereby swear and affirm that all the facts ntoed above are true to thebest of my knwoledge and belief.

SIGNATURE OF THE CLAIMANT

FORM II

FORM OF NOTICE

[SEE RULE 9(1)]

By Registered Post acknowledgment due

From(**)

то

Notice under clause (b)of section 18 of the Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991;

Whereas it appears to me/us that an offence under the Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991(6 of 1991) has been committed/is being committed by

<u>(***)</u>

I/We hereby give notice of sixty days under clause (b) of section 18 of the Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991 of my/our intention to file a complaint in the court against

(***)	 •••••	
•••••	 	

for violation of section...... of the Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991.

I/We, in support of this notice, hereby enclose the following documents(****) as evidence of proof of violation of the Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991:

Place
Date
Signature(s)

Ministry of environment and forests

(Department of Environment, Forests and Wildlife)

Notification

24th March, 1992

(4)S.O. 227(E). - In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (d) of section 2 of the Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991 (6 of 1991), the Central Government hereby specifies the quantities shown in column 3 of the Table below for which or exceeding which every owner handling the hazardous substance mentioned in the corresponding entry in column 2 thereof shall take out insurance policy as per the provisions of the said Act.

Table

List of Chemicals with Quantities for Application of Public Liability Insurance

		4	
SI.No.	Name of hazardous substance	Quantity	CAs Chemical /Abstract Service Number
1	2	3	4
Par	t - I		

Group 1 - Toxic Substances

1	Aldicarb	100 kg	116-06-3
2	4-Aminodiphenyl	1 kg	96-67-1
3.	Amiton	1 kg	78-53-5

4.	Anabasine Arsenic pentoxide,	100 kg	494-52-0
5.	Arsenic (V) acid & salts	500 kg	
6.	Arsenic Trioxide, Arsenious (III) acid & salts	100 kg	
7.	Arsine (Arsenic hydride)	10 kg	7784-42-1
8.	Azinphos-ethyl	100 kg	2642-71-9
9.	Azinphos-methyl	100 kg	86-50-0
10	Benzidine	1 kg	92-87-5
11	Benzidine salts	1 kg	
12	Beryllium (powders compounds)	10 kg	
13	Bis (2-chlorethyl) sulphide	1 kg	505-60-2
14	Bis (chloromethyl) ether	1 kg	542-88-1
15	Carbofuran	100 kg	1563-66-2
16	Carbophenothion	100 kg	786-19-6
17	Chlorfenvinphos	100 kg	470-90-6
18	4-(Chloroformyl)	1 kg	15159-40-7
10	morpholine	ING	13133 40 /
19	Chloromethyl methyl ether	1 kg	107-30-2
	Cobalt (metal oxides,		
20	carbonates,	1 tonne	
	sulphides, as		
~ 1	powders)	1001	
21	Crimidine	100 kg	535-89-7
22	Cyanthoate	100 kg	3734-95-0
23.	Cycloheximide	100 kg	66-81-9
24	Demeton	100 kg	8065-48-3
25	Dialifos	100 kg	10311-84-9
26	OO-Diethyl S- ethylsulphinylmethyl	100 kg	2588-05-8
20	phosphorothioate	100 Kg	2300-03-0
	00-Diethyl S-		
27	ethylsulphonylmethyl	100 ka	2588-06-9
21	phosphorothioate OO-Diethyl S-	100 Kg	2300-00-9
28	ethylthiomethyl	100 kg	2600-69-3
	phosphorothioate		
	00-Diethyl S-		
29	isopropylthiomethyl	100 kg	78-52-4
	phosphorothioate		
	00-Diethyl S-		
30	propylthiomethylpho	100 kg	3309-68-0
	sphorodithioate	5	
31	Dimefox	100 kg	115-26-4
22	Dimethylcarbamoyl	-	70 44 7
32	chloride	1 kg	79-44-7
33	DimethyInitrosamine	1 kg	62-75-9
	Dimethyl		
34	phosphoramidocyani	1 t	63917-41-9
	dic acid		
35	Diphacinone	100 kg	82-66-6

36	Disulfoton	100 kg	229-04-4
37	EPN	100 kg	2104-64-5
38	Ethion	100 kg	563-12-2
39	Fensulfothion	100 kg	115-90-2
40	Fluenetil	100 kg	4301-50-2
41	Fluororacetic acid	1 kg	144-49-0
	Fluoroacetic acid,		1
42	salts	1 kg	
43	Fluoroacetic acid,	1 kg	
	esters	5	
44	4-Fluoroacetic acid,	1 kg	
	amides		
45	4-Fluorobutyric acid	1 kg	462-23-7
40	4-Fluorobutyric acid,	4 1	
46	salts	1 kg	
47	4-Fluorobutyric acid,		
47	esters	1 kg	
	4-Fluorobutyric acid,		
48	amides	1 kg	
49		1 1.0	27750 72 1
49	4-Fluorocrotonic acid	ткд	37759-72-1
50	4-Fluorocrotonic	1 kg	
	acid, salts		
51	4-Fluorocrotonic	1 kg	
51	acid, esters	ING	
52	4-Fluorocrotonic	1 4 9	
52	acid, amides	1 kg	
	4-Fluoro-2-		
53	hydroxybutyric acid	1 kg	
	4-Fluoro-2-		
54	hydroxybutyric acid,	1 ka	
34		IKY	
	salts		
	4-Fluoro-2-		
55	hydroxybutyric acid,	1 Kg	
	esters		
	4-Fluoro-		
56	hydroxybutyric acid,	1 kg	
	amides		
	Glycolonitrile	100 1	107 16 4
57	(Hydroxyacetonitrile)	100 kg	107-16-4
	1, 2, 3, 7, 8, 9-		
58	Hexachlorodibenzo-	100 kg	19408-74-3
50	p-dioxin	ICONG	19400 /4 5
	Hovemothylphoephor		
59	Hexamethylphosphor	1 kg	680-31-9
~~	amue	_	
60	Hydrogen selenide	10 kg	7783-02-5
61	Isobenzan	100 kg	297-78-9
62	Isodrin	100 kg	465-73-6
	Juglone (5-		
63	Hydroxynaphthalene	100 kg	481-39-0
	1, 4-dione)	_	
~ ~	4 -Methylenebis (2-		101 11 1
64	chloroaniline)	10 kg	101-14-4
65.	Methyl isocyanate	150 kg	624-83-9
66.	Mevinphos	100 kg	7786-34-7
	2-Naphthylamine 1	100 NY	,,,uu-J 1 -/
67.	· ·		
	kg 921-59-8		

	Nickel (metal, oxides,		
68.	carbonates, sulphide		
001	as powders)		
69.	Nickel tetracarbonyl	10 kg	13463-9-3
70.	Oxydisulfoton	100 kg	2497-07-6
71.	Oxygen difluoride	10 kg	7783-41-7
	Paraoxon (Diethyl 4-		
72	nitrophenyl	100 kg	311-45-5
	phosphate)		
73	Parathion	100 kg	56-38-2
74	Parathion-methyl	100 kg	298-00-0
75 76	Pentaborane	100 kg	19624-22-7
76. 77.	Phorate Phosacetim	100 kg 100 kg	298-02-2 4104-14-7
//.	Phosgene (carbonyl	100 kg	4104-14-7
78.	chloride)	750 kg	75-44-5
79.	Phosphamidon	100 kg	13171-21-6
-	Phosphine (Hydrogen		
80.	phosphide)	100 kg	7803-51-2
	Promurit (1-(3, 4-		
81	Dichlorophenyl)-3-	100 kg	5926-72-7
01	trinaienethiocarboxa	100 kg	5836-73-7
	mide)		
82	1, 3-Propanesultone	1 kg	1120-71-4
83	I-Propen-2-chloro-I,	10 kg	10118-72-6
	3-diol diacetate	-	
84	Pyrazoxon	100 kg	108-34-9
85	Selenium hexafluoride	10 kg	7783-79-1
86	Sodium selenite	100 kg	10102-18-8
80	Stibine (Antimony	-	10102-10-0
87	hydride)	100 kg	7803-52-3
88	Sulfotep	100 kg	3689-24-5
89	Sulphar dichloride	1 t.	10545-99-0
00	Tellurium	100 ka	7702 00 4
90	hexafluoride	100 kg	7783-80-4
91	TEPP	100 kg	107-49-3
	2, 3, 7, 8-		
92	Tetrachlorydibenzo-	1 kg	1746-01-6
	p-dioxin (TCDD)		
93	Tetramethylenedisul	1 kg	80-12-6
	photetramine	-	
94.	Thionazin Tripate (2, 4-	100 kg	297-97-2
	Dimethyl-1, 3-		
	dithiolane-2-		
95.	carboxaldehyde O-	100 kg	26419-73-8
	methylcarbamoyloxi		
	me)		
06	Trichloromethanesul	100 4-	504 42 2
96.	phenyl chloride	100 kg	594-42-3
	1-Tri (cyclohexyl)		
97.	stannyl-1 H. 1, 2, 4-	100 kg	41083-11-8
	triazole		
98. 00	Triethylenemelamine	_	51-18-3
99.	Warfarin	100 kg	81-81-2
Grou	p 2 - Toxic Substances		

	Acotono ovonohydrin		
100.	Acetone cyanohydrin (2-Cyanopropan-2- 01)	20 t	76-86-5
101.	Acrolein (2-propenal)	20 t	107-02-8
102.	Acrylonitrile	20 t	107-13-1
	Allylalcohol (Propen-		
103.	1-01)	200 t	107-18-6
104.	Allylamine	200 t	107-11-9
105.	Ammonia	50 t	7664-41-7
106	Bromine	40 t	7726-95-6
107	Carbon disulphide	20 t	75-15-0
108	Chlorine	10 t	7782-50-5
109	Diphenyl methane di- socyanate (MDI)	20 t	101-68-8
	Ethylene dibromide		106 00 4
110	(1, 2-	5 t	106-93-4
	Dibromoethane)		
111	Ethyleneimine	50 t	151-56-4
112.	Fomaldehyde (concentration 90%)	5 t	50-00-0
113	Hydrogen chloride	25 t	7647-01-0
114	(liquified gas) Hydrogen cyanide	5 t	74-90-8
114	Hydrogen fluoride	5 t	7664-39-3
115	Hydrogen sulphide	5 t	7783-06-4
110	Methyl bromide	51	//05-00-4
117	(Bromomethane)	20 t	74-83-9
118	Nitrogen oxides	50 t	11104-93-1
119	Prophyleneimine	50 t	75-55-8
120	Sulphur dioxide	20 t	7446-09-5
121	Sulphur trioxide	15 t	7446-11-9
122	-		78-00-2
	Tetraethyl lead	5 t	75-74-1
123	Tetramethyl lead	5 t	584-84-9
124	Toluene di-isocyanate (TD)	² 10 t	75-01-4
Gro		tancoc	
	up 3 - Highly reactive subs	tances	
125.	Acetylene (ethyne)	5 t	74-86-2
126.	a. Ammonium nitrate	350 t	6484-52-2
	(1)		
	b. Ammonium nitrate in form of fertiliser (2)	1250 t	
127	2, 2-Bis (tert- butylperoxy) butane		2167-23-9
	(concentration 70%) 1, 1-Bic (tert- butylperoxy)		
128	cyclohexane(Concent	5t	3006-86-8
	ration 80%) tert-Butyl	-	
129.	peroxyacatquate	5 t	107-71-1
129.	(concentration >70%)	51	10/ /1 1
	tert-Butyl		
130.	peroxyisobutyrate (concentration >80%)	5 t	109-13-7

	tert-Butyl peroxy isopropyl carbonate		
131	(concentration	5 t	2372-21-6
	>80%)		
	tert-Butyl		
132	peroxymalcate (concentration	5 t	1931-20-0
	>80%)		
	tert-Butyl		
133	peroxypivalate	50 t	927-07-1
100	(concentration	501	<i>52, 0, 1</i>
	>77%) Dibenzyl		
	peroxydicarbonate	- .	
134	(concentration	5 t	2144-45-8
	>90%)		
	Di-sec-butyl		
135	peroxydicarbonate (concentration	5 t	19910-5-0
	>80%)		
	Diethyl		
136	peroxydicarbonate	50 t	14666-78-5
	(concentration >30%)		
	2, 2-		
137	Dihydroperoxypropa	5 t	2614-76-8
137	ne (concentration	51	2014-70-8
	>30%) Di-isobutyryl		
	peroxide		
138	(concentration	50 t	3437-84-1
	>50%)		
	Di-n-propyl		
139.	peroxydicarbonate (concentration	5 t	16066-38-9
	>80%)		
140.	Ethylene oxide	5 t	75-21-8
141.	Ethylnitrate	50 t	625-58-1
	3, 3, 6, 9, 9- Hexamethyl-1, 2, 4,		
142.	5-	50 t	22397-33-7
	tetrooxacyclononane		
	(concentration 75%)		
143.	Hydrogen	2 t	1333-74-0
144	Liquid oxygen Methyl ethyl ketone	200 t	7782-44-7
145	peroxide	5 t	1338-23-4
	(concentration 60%)		
	Methyl isobutyl		
146	ketone peroxide (concentration 60%)	50 t	37206-20-3
	Peracetic acid		
147	(concentration 60%)	50 t	79-21-0
148	Propylene oxide	5 t	75-56-9
149	Sodium chlorate	25 t	7775-09-9
Grou	p 4 - explosive substance	s	
150.	Barium azide	50 t	18810-58-7

	Pic (2, 4, 6		
151.	Bis (2, 4, 6- trinitrophenyl) amine	50 t	131-73-7
152.	Chlorotrinitrobenzen e	50 t	28260-61-9
153.	Cellulose nitrate (containing 12.6%	50 t	9004-70-0
1001	Nitrogen) Cyclotetramethylene		
154.	tetranitramine Cyclotrimethylenetri	50 t	2691-41-0
155	nitramine	50 t	121-82-4
156	Diazodinitrophenol	10 t	7008-81-3
157.	Diethylene glycol dinitrate	10 t	693-21-0
158.	Dinitrophenol, salts	50 t	
159.	Ethylene glycol dinitrate 1-Guanyl - 4-	10 t	628-96-6
160.	nitrosaminoguanyl 1- tetrazene	-10 t	109-27-3
161.	2, 2', 4, 4', 6, 6' - Hexanitrostibene	50 t	20062-22-0
162.	Hydrazine nitrate	50 t	13464-97-6
163	Lead azide	50 t	13424-46-9
	Lead styphanate		
164.	(Lead 2, 4, 6- trinitroresorcinoxide)	50 t	15245-44-0
165) Mercury fulminate	10 t	20820-45-5 628-86-4
166	N-MethylN, 2, 4, 6- tetranitroaniline	50 t	479-45-8
167	Nitroglycerine	10 t	55-63-0
168	Pentaerythritol tetranitrate	50 t	78-11-5
169	Picric acid (2, 4, 6- Trinitrophenol)	50 t	88-89-1
170.	Sodium picramate	50 t	831-52-7
171	Styphnic acid (2, 4, 6-Trinitroesorcinol)	. 50 t	82-71-3
172.	1, 3, 5-Triamino-2, 4, 6-trinitrobenzene	50 t	3058-38-6
173	Trinitroaniline	50 t	26952-42-1
174	2, 4, 6-Trinitroarisole		606-35-9
175	Trinitrobenzene	50 t	25377-32-6
176	Trinitrobenzoic acid	50 t	35860-50-5 129-66-8
177	Trinitrocresol	50 t	28905-71-7
178	2, 4, 6- Trinitrophenitole	50 t	24732-14-3
179	2, 4, 6- Trinitrotoluene	50 t	118-06-7

Part-II

Classes of hazardous Substances not specifically named in Part - I

Group 5 - Flammable substances

	2 3
	Flammable gases :
	Substances which
	in the gaseous
	state at normal
	pressure and mixed
1	with air become15 t -
	flammable and the
	boiling point of
	which at normal pressure is 20ºC or
	below;
	Highly flammable
	liquids :Substances
	which have a flach
2	point lower than $21^{\circ}C_{1000}$ t -
2.	and the boiling point of 1000 t -
	which at normal
	pressure is above
	20ºC;
	Flammable liquids
	:Substances which
	have a flash point
	lower than 55°C and
	which remain liquid
3	under pressure, where particular processing ²⁵ t -
	conditions, such as
	high pressure and high
	temperature, may
	create minor accident
	hazards

1. Published in the Gazette of India (Extra) Part II, section 3(ii) No.289, dated 1.5.1991

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2. Subs. for rule 8 vide GSR 596(e) dated, 26-9-1991, rule 2 (w.e.f. 26-9-1991)

3. Subs. for rule 10 vide GSR 87(E) dated,6-2-1992, rule 2 (w.e.f. 6.2.1992).

4. 'Published' in the Gazette of India (Extraordinary) Part II, s.3(ii) dated 24-3-1992, pp. 6-11.

* Strike out whichever is not applicable

** Incase the notice is given in the name of a company, documentary evidence authorizing the person to sign the notice shall be enclosed with this notice.

***. Here give the name and address of the alleged offender. In case of handling/manufacturing/processing/operating unit indicate the name of the unit/local and nature of activity.

**** Documentary evidence includes photographs/technical reports/health reports of the area, etc., relating to the alleged violation/offence.